## get请求

web\_reg\_find("Text=ok",

LAST);

web\_url("lookupprice",

"URL=http://10.7.90.67:8080/Supermarket/analysis/lookupprice?goodsCode={pId:123456}",

"TargetFrame=",

"Resource=1",

"RecContentType=application/json",

"Referer=",

"Snapshot=t1.inf",

LAST);

或者

当Resource为1时，表示URL对象是Non-HTML Resource

web\_custom\_request("lookupprice",

"URL=http://192.168.1.101:8080/Supermarket/analysis/lookupprice?goodsCode={pId:123456}",

"Method=GET",

"Resource=1",

"RecContentType=application/json",

"Referer=",

"Snapshot=t2.inf",

LAST);

## post请求

方法一：使用web\_submit\_data()

web\_submit\_data("insert",

"Action=http://192.168.1.101:8080/Supermarket/analysis/palceoreder?",

"Method=POST",

"Referer=http://192.168.1.101:8080/Supermarket/analysis/palceoreder?",

"Mode=HTML",

ITEMDATA,

"Name=checkout","Value={\"total\":\"1\",\"record\":[{\"pNum\":1,\"pId\":\"123456\"}],\"oSum\":3}",ENDITEM,

LAST);

方法二：web\_custom\_request("

web\_custom\_request("login",

"URL=http://192.168.1.101:8080/Supermarket/analysis/palceoreder?",

"Method=POST",

"Resource=0",

"RecContentType=application/json",

"Referer=",

"Mode=HTTP",

"Body=&checkout={\"total\":\"1\",\"record\":[{\"pNum\":1,\"pId\":\"123456\"}],\"oSum\":3}",

LAST);

web\_custom\_request("login",

"URL=http://study-perf.qa.netease.com/common/fgadmin/login",

"Method=POST",

"Resource=0",

"RecContentType=application/json",

"Referer=http://study-perf.qa.netease.com/buy/index.html",

"Snapshot=t17.inf",

"Mode=HTTP",

"EncType=application/json; charset=UTF-8",

"Body={\"phoneArea\":\"86\",\"phoneNumber\":\"20000000000\",\"password\":\"netease123\"}",

LAST);

方法一适合一些xml结构的根元素下的子元素同处于根元素下面，且子元素数目较少的情况下，如果xml结构比较复杂，比如说根元素下面有多级子元素，或者xml树结构分叉较多的时候，我们可以先把xml拼接成一个字符串然后通过web\_custom\_request()向服务器发送请求。